

$$[x=0, y=0]$$

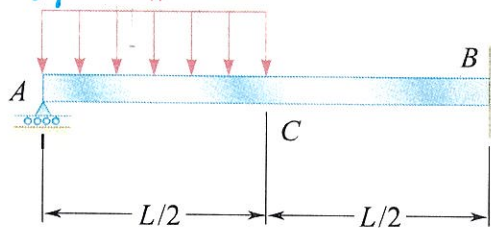
$$[x=L, y=0]$$

$$[x=L, \frac{dy}{dx}=0]$$

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SUPER POSITION, CHARTS FOR BEAM DEFL.



For the uniform beam shown, determine

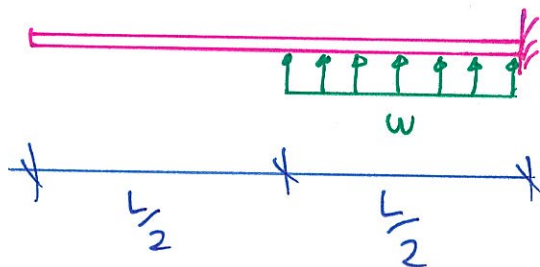
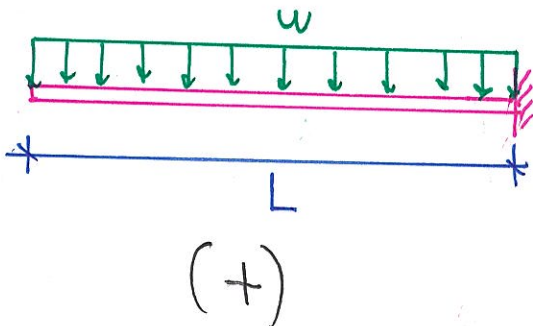
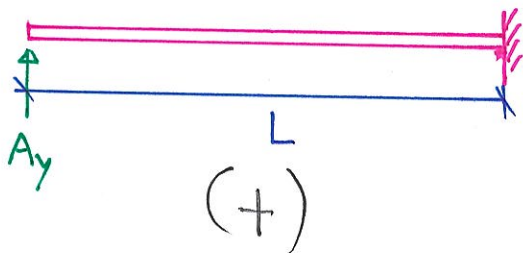
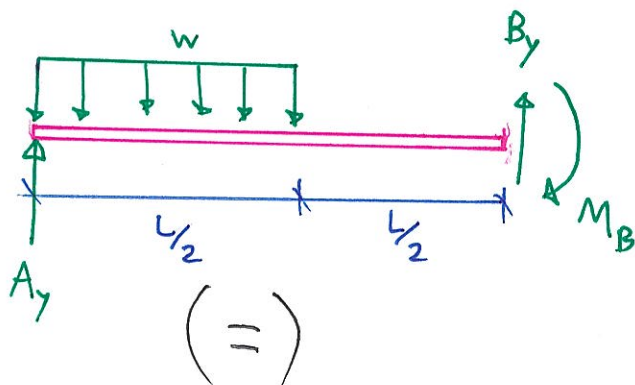
Part 1 out of 3

(a) the reaction at A,

$$R_A = \begin{bmatrix} \square \\ \square \end{bmatrix} wL$$

- A. \uparrow
- B. \downarrow

~~FBP:~~ FBP:



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CASE 1:

$$y_A' = \frac{A_y L^3}{3EI}$$

CASE 2:

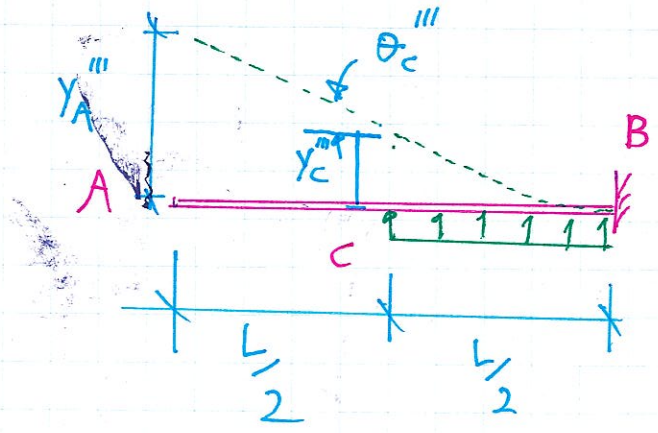
$$y_A'' = \frac{-wL^4}{8EI}$$

CASE 3:

$$y_A''' = y_c''' + \theta_c''' \left(\frac{L}{2}\right)$$

$$y_A''' = \frac{w \left(\frac{L}{2}\right)^4}{8EI} + \frac{w \left(\frac{L}{2}\right)^3}{6EI} \left(\frac{L}{2}\right)$$

$$y_A''' = \frac{7wL^4}{384EI}$$



$$y_A = y_A' + y_A'' + y_A'''$$

$$y_A = \frac{A_y L^3}{3EI} - \frac{wL^4}{8EI} + \frac{7wL^4}{384EI}$$

$$y_A = \frac{A_y L^3}{3EI} - \frac{wL^4}{8EI} + \frac{7wL^4}{384EI}$$

BNPY. COND.

$$[x=0, y=0]$$

$$0 = \frac{A_y L^3}{3EI} - \frac{wL^4}{8EI} + \frac{7wL^4}{384EI}$$

$$* A_y = R_A$$

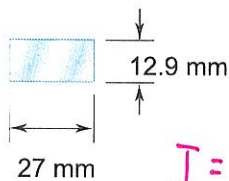
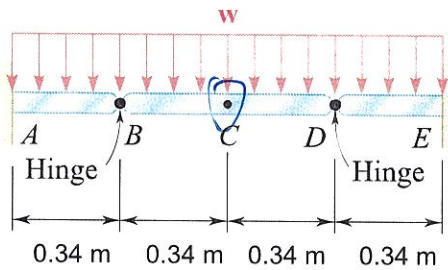
$$A_y = \frac{41}{128} wL$$

$$B_y \Rightarrow \sum F_y = 0$$

$$M_B \Rightarrow \sum M = 0$$

DO NOT ROUND INTERMEDIATE CALCULATIONS. GIVE YOUR FINAL ANSWER(S) TO THREE SIGNIFICANT FIGURES.

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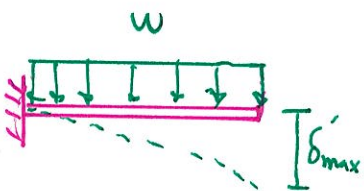


$$I = \frac{1}{12} (27 \text{ mm}) (12.9 \text{ mm})^3 = 4830 \text{ mm}^4$$

A central beam BD is joined at hinges to two cantilever beams AB and DE . All beams have the cross section shown. For the loading shown, determine the largest w so that the deflection at C does not exceed 2.6 mm . Use $E = 200 \text{ GPa}$.

$w_{\max} =$ N/m

I



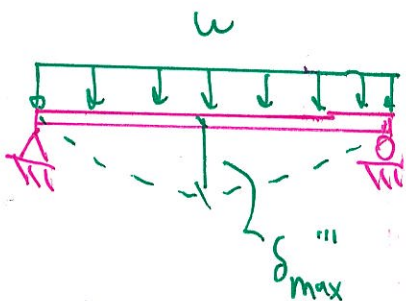
$$\delta_{\max}' = \frac{-wL^4}{8EI}$$

II



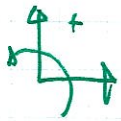
$$\delta_{\max}'' = \frac{-PL^3}{3EI} = \frac{-wL^4}{3EI}$$

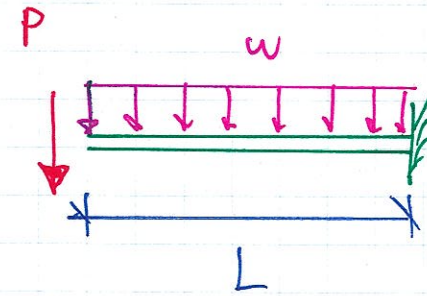
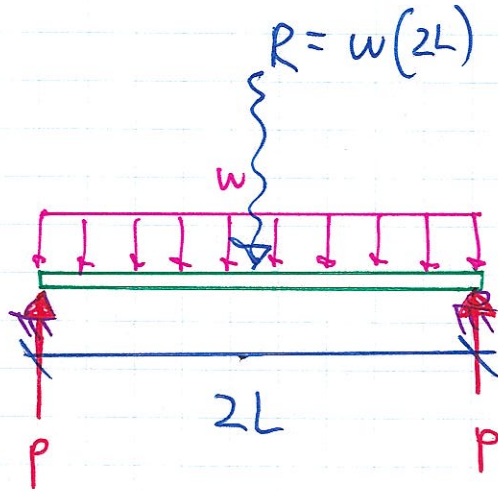
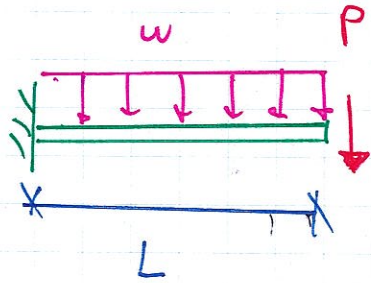
III



$$\delta_{\max}''' = \frac{-5wL^4}{384EI}$$

$$\delta_{\max} = \delta_{\max}' + \delta_{\max}'' + \delta_{\max}''' = \delta_c$$

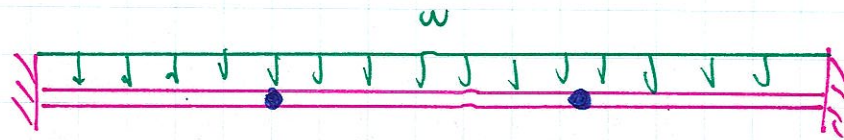
FBDs 



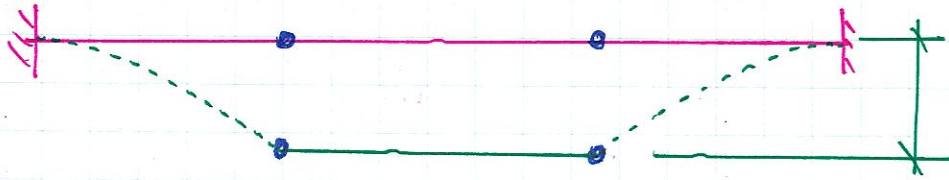
$$\sum F_y = 2P - w(2L) = 0$$

$$P = wL$$

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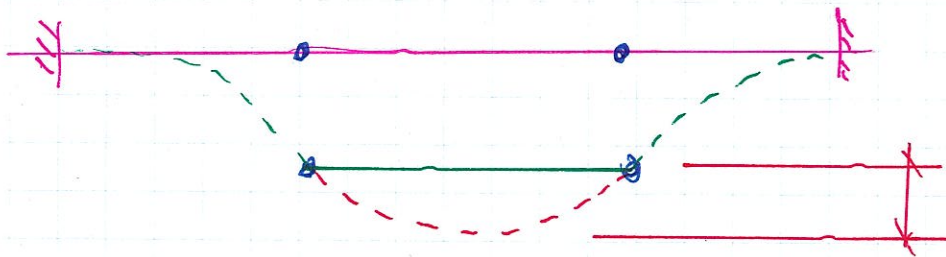
STEP 1: Cant. Bms. Defl.



$$\delta = \delta_{max}^{\prime} + \delta_{max}^{\prime\prime}$$

* Assuming Middle Section
Does not Deform
(i.e. Rigid)

STEP 2: Middle Defl.



$$\delta = \delta_{max}^{\prime\prime\prime}$$

$$\delta_{max} = \frac{wL^4}{8EI} + \frac{wL^4}{3EI} + \frac{5wL^4}{384EI}$$

$$2.6 \text{ mm} = \frac{w}{(200 \times 10^3 \text{ MPa})(4830 \text{ mm}^4)} \left[\frac{(340 \text{ mm})^4}{8} + \frac{(340 \text{ mm})^4}{3} + \frac{(340 \text{ mm})^4 (5)}{384} \right]$$

$$w = 0.3987 \text{ N/mm}$$

$$w = 398.7 \text{ N/m} \rightarrow 400 \text{ N/m}$$